

High Level Architecture SCS Summer Simulation Conference Chicago, IL

11 July 1999

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Outline

- Motivations for HLA development
- The High Level Architecture (HLA)
- HLA Use Processes, User Support and Supporting Software
- HLA in related standards efforts: JTA, NATO, SISO/IEEE, OMG







Continuing squeeze on DoD resources

- Shrinking, dispersed force structure
- Competition for O&M funds limits field exercise
- Need to carefully examine every investment

More demanding operational requirements

- New, more complex missions
- Vastly expanding mission spa
- Increased complexity of systems and plans
- Increasing demand for joint training
- Security challenges (e.g., information warfa-
- No traditional way to address

Much more technical capability at less cost

- Communications
- Computers
- Advanced software technology
- Displays/human-machine interfaces
- Data storage and management

Advanced M&S

offers a cost-effective and

affordable

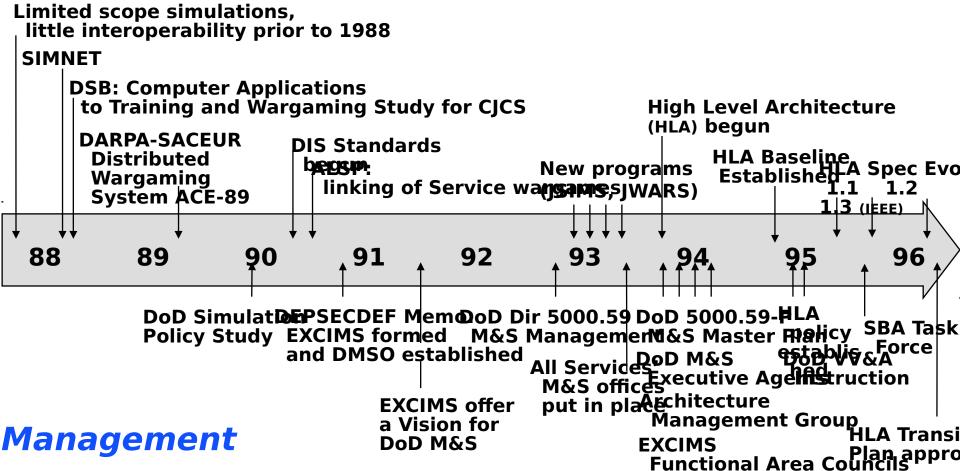
solution



Recent US DoD M&S History

Technical progress spurs management response

Technical



No formal management structure Management structure stand up Management structure in place





US DoD M&S Vision

Defense modeling and simulation will provide readilyavailable, operationally-valid environments for use by DoD components

- To train jointly, develop doctrine and tactics, formulate operational plans, and assess war fighting situations
- As well as to support technology assessment, system upgrade, prototype and full scale development, and force structuring.

Furthermore, common use of these environments will promote a closer interaction between the operations and acquisition communities in carrying out their respective responsibilities. To allow maximum utility and flexibility, DoD Executive Council on Modeling and Simulation CO (EXCIMS),

in





US Defense-wide M&S Master Plan

Objective

Develop a common technical framework for

Objective

M&S

Objective

Provide timely and authoritative representatio ns of the natural emainomment

Objective

Provide authoritative representatio ns of systems

Objective

Provide authoritative representatio ns of human behavior

Establish a M&S infrastructure to meet developer and end-user THEREOES.

Objective

Share the benefits of M&S

Sub-objectives Sub-

High-level architecture

Conceptual models of the mission space

1-3 Data standardization 2 abjectives Terrain

<u>2-2</u> Oceans

Atmosphere

2-4 Space

Sub-objectivesSub-objectives

Field systems

4-1 <u>Ind</u>ividuals

Groups and organizations

<u>5-2</u> VV&A

5-3 Repositories

6-3 Dual-use

6-1

Quantify

6-2 Education

impact

5-4 Communication

Coordination Center

oD 5000.59-P, Modeling and Simulation Master Plan, October 19





M&S Master Plan Objective 1-1

Objective 1-1

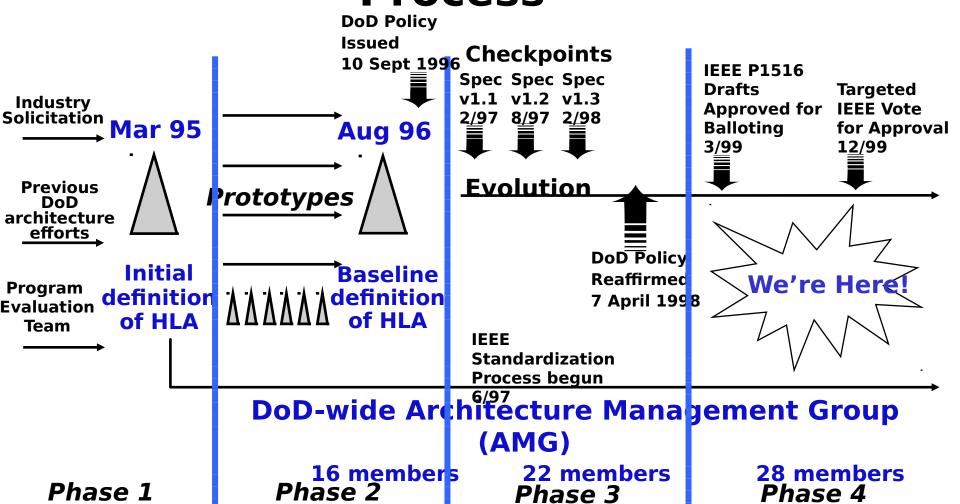
- Establish a common high-level simulation architecture to facilitate the interoperability of all types of models and simulations among themselves and with C4I systems, as well as to facilitate the reuse of M&S components
- Simulations developed for particular DoD Components or Functional Areas must conform to the High Level Architecture
 - Further definition and detailed implementation of specific simulation system architectures remain the responsibility of the developing Component



Review of the HLA Development Process



Implementation



Technical

Transition

Baseline

Development

Initial

Definition





US Defense HLA Policy

DoD Policy:

"Under the authority of [DoD Directive 5000.59], and as prescribed

by [the DoD Modeling and Simulation Master Plan], I designate

the High Level Architecture as the standard technical architecture

for all DoD simulations."

- HLA supersedes Distributed Interactive Simulation (DIS) and ALSP
- "No Can" Dates
 - "No Can Pay" first day of FY99
 - no funds for developing/modifying non-HLA-compliant simulations
 - "No Can Play"- first day of FY01
 - retirement of non-HLA-compliant simulations
- Waivers must be decided on a corporate basis
 29 March 1999



DoD HLA Policy Reaffirmation

DoD Transition Policy

"We must foster broad simulation interoperability and reuse if the Department is to cost-effectively harness the potential of simulation to improve DoD operations."

"All new simulations will be built in accordance with the HLA.

To reap the full benefits of simulation interoperability and reuse

in the near-term, it is also important to quickly transition our legacy simulations to the HLA, ... I encourage our industry partners to follow suit"

Dr. J.S. Gansler, USD(A&T) 7 April 1998





What is the High Level Architecture?

- The High Level Architecture is comprised of three elements:
 - An Interface Specification which describes the way compliant simulations interact during operation
 - An Object Model Template (OMT) Specification which specifies the form in which simulation elements are described
 - A set of HLA Rules for Federates and Federations which define relationships among federating compliant simulations
- These three elements, commonly applicable across all DoD simulations, provide a common framework within which specific system architectures can be defined
- HLA's composable approach promotes:
 - INTEROPERABILITY among simulations within a federation, and across functional M&S communities, and
 - <u>REUSE</u> of simulation components across federations, functional M&S communities, and runtime infrastructures.





What is the Scope of HLA?

- Applicable to broad range of functional areas (e.g., training, contingency planning, analysis, and acquisition)
- Applicable to simulations involving pure software representations, man-in-the-loop simulators, and interfaces to live components (e.g., instrumented-

wea **Master Plan's Technical Framework** High Level Architecture, Conceptual Models of the Mission Space, **Data Standards Domain-specific aspects Analytical Engineering Level Simulations** Instrumented (R&D. T&E) Ranges **Training** Real **Simulations** Simulations Weapon and **Systems** Other Manufacturing and C4I Simulations **Technology Development**





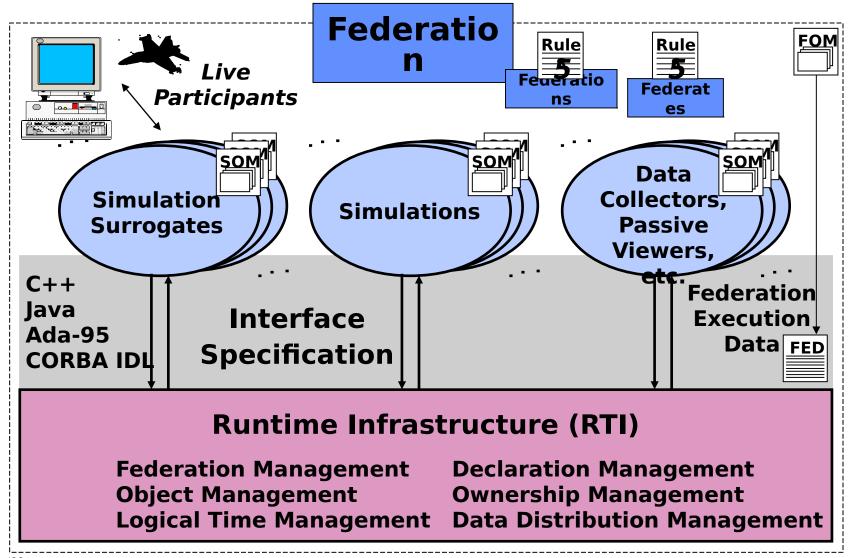


- Basic premises:
 - No single, monolithic simulation can satisfy the needs of all users
 - All uses of simulations and useful ways of combining them cannot be anticipated in advance
 - Future technological capabilities and a variety of operating configurations must be accommodated
- Consequence: Need composable approach to constructing simulation federations
- Resulting design principles:
 - Federations of simulations constructed from modular components with well-defined functionality and interfaces
 - Specific simulation functionality separated from general purpose supporting runtime infrastructure





Functional View of the High Level Architecture







Some Terminology

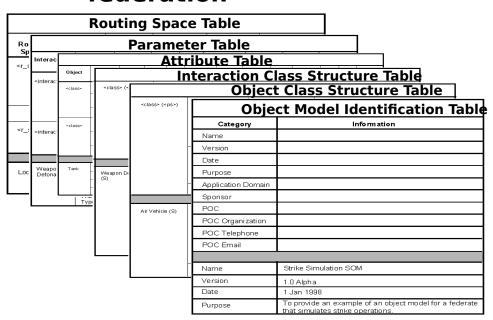
- Federation: a set of simulations, a common federation object model, and supporting RTI, that are used together to form a larger model or simulation
- Federate: a member of a federation; one simulation
 - Could represent one platform, like a cockpit simulator
 - Could represent an aggregate, like an entire national simulation of air traffic flow
- Federation Execution: a session of a federation instance executing over time





HLA Object Models and OMT

- Federation Object Model (FOM)
 - A description of all shared information (objects, attributes, and interactions) essential to a particular federation
- Simulation Object Model (SOM)
 - Describes objects, attributes and interactions in a particular simulation which can be used externally in a federation



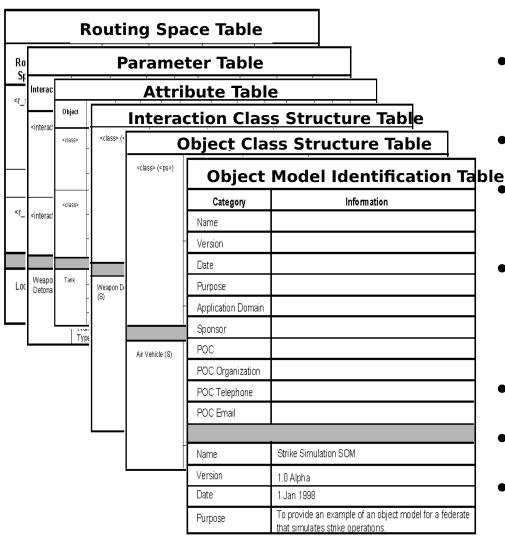
Object Model Template (OMT)

- Provides a common framework for HLA object model documentation
- Fosters interoperability and reuse of simulations via the specification of a common representational framework









- Object Model Identification Table
- Object Class Structure Table
- Interaction Class Structure Table
- Attribute Table
 - **Enumerated Datatype Table**
 - Complex Datatype Table
- Parameter Table
- Routing Space Table
- FOM/SOM Lexicon





Interface Specification

- Provides a specification of the functional interfaces between federates and the RTI
 - Interfaces are divided into six service groups
- Each service specification includes:
 - Name and Descriptive Text
 - Supplied Arguments
 - Returned Arguments
 - Pre-conditions
 - Post-conditions
 - Exceptions
 - Related Services
- Application Programmer Interfaces (APIs) in CORBA IDL, C++, Ada '95 and Java



What Does the Interface Specification Includ



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- Six HLA Runtime Infrastructure Service Groups
 - Federation Management (20 services)
 - Declaration Management (12 services)
 - Object Management (17 services)
 - Ownership Management (16 services)
 - Time Management (23 services)
 - Data Distribution Management (13 services)
- The Interface Specification also includes:
 - Support Services (29 services)
 - Management Object Model
 - Federation Execution Data (FED)
 - Application Programmers Interfaces (APIs)



Category	Functionality
Federation Manageme	Create and delete federation execution and resign federation execution Control checkpoint, synchronization
Declaration Manageme	festablish intent to publish and sub to object attributes and interacti
Object Management	Create and delete object instances Control attribute and interaction publication Create and delete object reflection
Ownership Managemen	Transfer ownership of object attrib

Data Distribution Mgmt | Supports efficient routing of data





Federation Rules

- 1. Federations shall have an HLA Federation Object Model (FOM), documented in accordance with the HLA Object Model Template (OMT).
- 2. In a federation, all representation of objects in the FOM shall be in the federates, not in the runtime infrastructure (RTI).
- 3. During a federation execution, all exchange of FOM data among federates shall occur via the RTI.
- 4. During a federation execution, federates shall interact with the runtime infrastructure (RTI) in accordance with the HLA interface specification.
- 5. During a federation execution, an attribute of an instance of an object shall be owned by only one federate at any given time.





Federate Rules

- 6. Federates shall have an HLA Simulation Object Model (SOM), documented in accordance with the HLA Object Model Template (OMT).
- 7. Federates shall be able to update and/or reflect any attributes of objects in their SOM and send and/or receive SOM object interactions externally, as specified in their SOM.
- 8. Federates shall be able to transfer and/or accept ownership of attributes dynamically during a federation execution, as specified in their SOM.
- Federates shall be able to vary the conditions (e.g., thresholds) under which they provide updates of attributes of objects, as specified in their SOM.
- 10. Federates shall be able to manage local time in a way which will allow them to coordinate data exchange with other members of a federation.





HLA User Services

- DMSO is fostering a broad range of Outreach Activities to facilitate transition to the HLA:
 - DMSO HLA Web Site / Home Page
 - HLA Support Processes
 - HLA Supporting Software and Tools
 - HLA User Services
 - Help Desk
 - HLA Education/Outreach
 - HLA Compliance Testing
 - HLA Standardization Initiatives

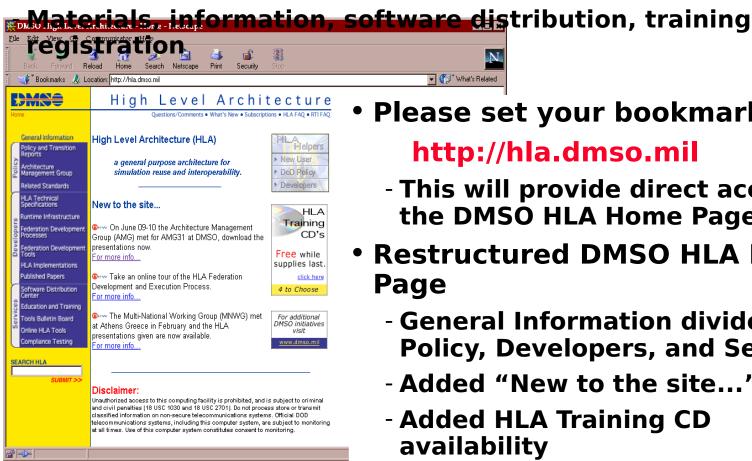


HLA User Services: DMSO HLA Home Page



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 Provides full service access to the broad HLA user community



Please set your bookmarks to

http://hla.dmso.mil

▼ 🎒 What's Related

- This will provide direct access to the DMSO HLA Home Page
- Restructured DMSO HLA Home **Page**
 - General Information divided into **Policy, Developers, and Services**
 - Added "New to the site..."
 - Added HLA Training CD availability

Changed "look" of HLA Helpers

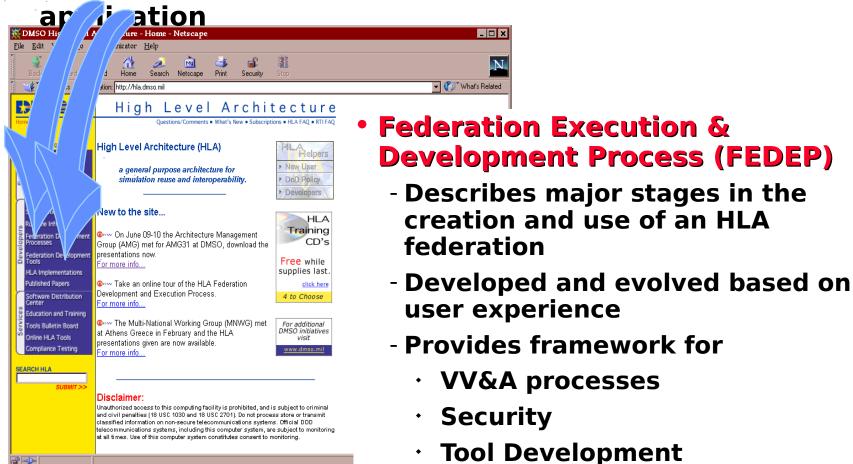


HLA User Services: HLA Support Processes



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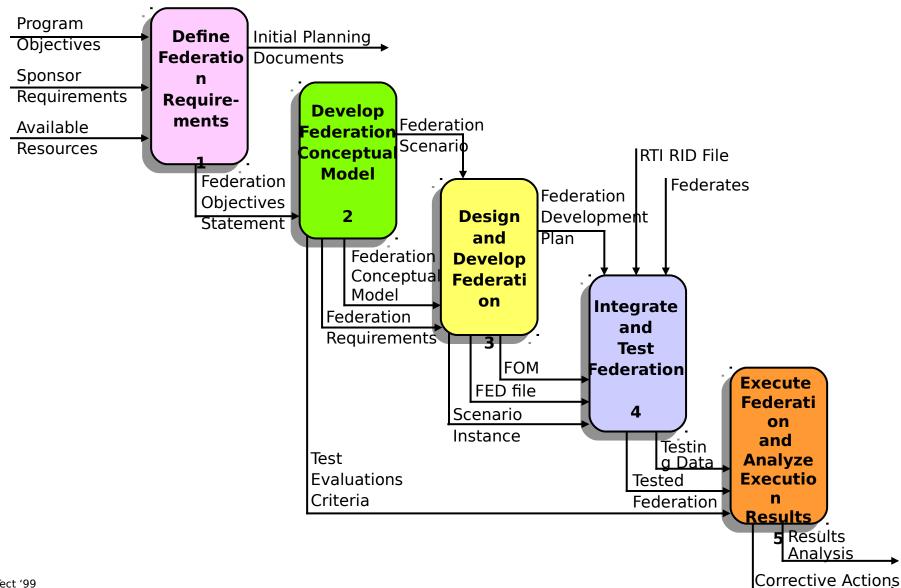
Formalized views of HLA use processes to support HLA





HLA FEDEP Model High Level View







HLA Intro Mod 1, Update 1 02 July 99

HLA Supporting Software: Philosophy



HLA is an architecture, not software

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-- however, to facilitate cost-effective implementation of HLA, DMSO is developing an initial suite of HLA

🔻 🎁 TWhat's Related



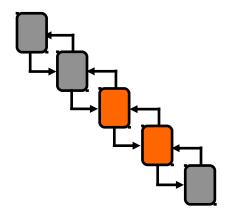
- DMSO facilitates open distribution of supporting tools in the public domain
 - Open access to specifications (e.g., OMT data interchange format) to foster development of commercial software to support HLA
 - Several DoD agencies have ongoing SBIR initiatives to develop HLA support tools
- Information source: HLA Online (subscribe at http://hla.dmso.mil)
 - Open mailing list for HLA updates



HLA Supporting Software:



Conceptual Model Development and Federation Design



- Object Model Library / Object Model Data Dictionary
 - Web-Accessible repositories of reusable components
- Object Model Development Tool
 - Automated support for development of HLA Object Models
- Federation Planners Workbook Tool
 - Automates the population of FEPW Tables in the workbook
- RID Editor
 - Allows optimization of RTI initialization data

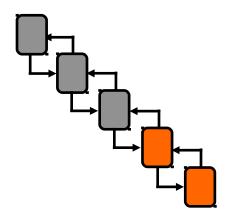


HLA Supporting Software:



Federation Integration, Test and





Federation Verification Tool

 Verifies that the federation meets the requirements specified in the FOM and FEPW

Federation Management Tool

Provides runtime data on federation operations

Data Collection Tool

 Selectively records simulation data for manipulation and display on COTS software



HLA Supporting Software: Runtime Infrastructure (RTI) Software



- RTI software is available now and can be ordered from the DMSO homepage (http://hla.dmso.mil) under "Software Distribution Center"
- Each user defines own account name and password
 - User account approved following one-time submission of registration data
 - Once registered you will be automatically notified of new releases
- RTI version 1.3 is out now
 - Platforms supported in DMSO-sponsored development reflect broadest requirement among current user population; followon development among commercial markets to address added demand
- RTI version 1.3NG competitive development (under DMSO procurement) is underway; Beta release is out now
 - Will be released as RTI 1.3NG (Next Generation)

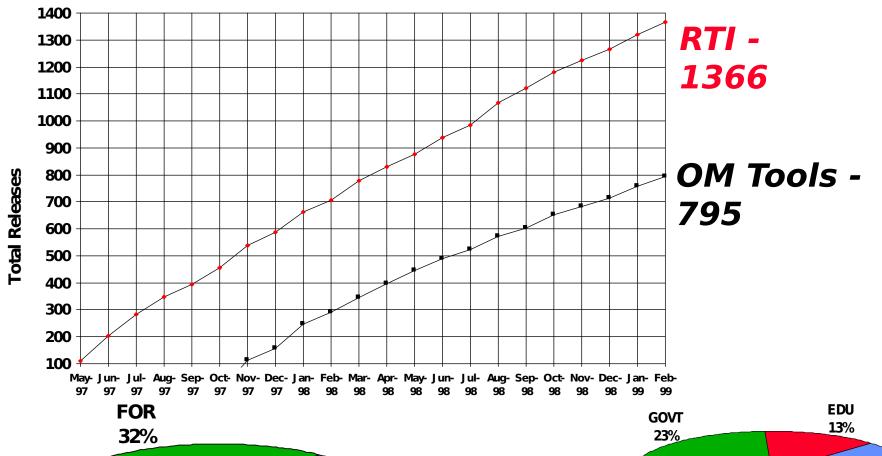
29 March 1999 Will support HIA specification version 1.3

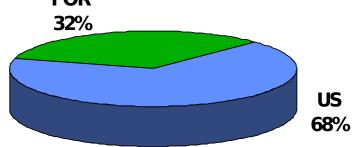


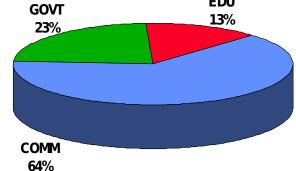


HLA Software Releases (through February 1999)









Top International HLA Software Requestors (through February 1999)

RTI OM Tools

UK	69	GERMANY
GERMANY	63	32
FRANCE	50	UK 30
CANADA	41	FRANCE
NETHERLANDS		24
36		AUSTRALIA
SWEDEN, AUSTRALIA (tie)	27	20
JAPAN	24	S KOREA 18
SOUTH KOREA 20		NETHERLANDS 17
SINGAPORE	18	SWEDEN, JAPAN (tie)
SPAIN, TAIWAN (tie)	12	13
TURKEY	11	CANADA 12

29 MarkSPAFI - ITAIY (tie)

12



Cooperation with Commercial Tool Developers



- DMSO developments are intended to help create a market for commercial tools (not compete with commercial developments)
- Commercial developments are beginning both in the US and overseas
- Cooperative ventures initiated:

Commercial involvement in data interchange format (DIF)

development A Tools Bulletin Board

Bulletin board for commercial tools hosted on the HLA home
page

Commercially Developed Tools

- Government ponsored Tools
- A service to inform the community of tools and services available to support HLA implementations
- Products are listed alphabetically by company name
- Solicitation for product postings is made through the Bulletin Board
- Bulletin board is available through HLA Home Page to DoD, Academia and Industry

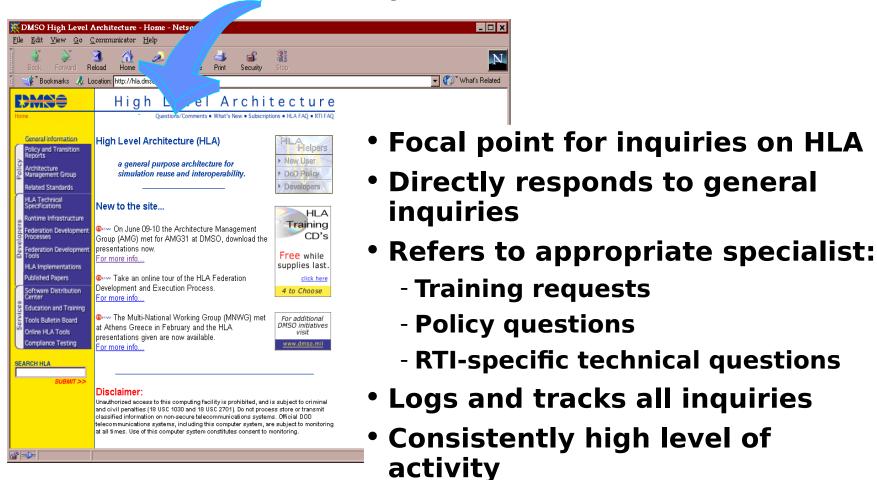


HLA User Services: HLA Help Desk



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- An on-line Help Desk was established in May 97
 - Can also access via Question and Comments Link on Home Pa



Access Through E-Mail to hla@msis.dmso.mil

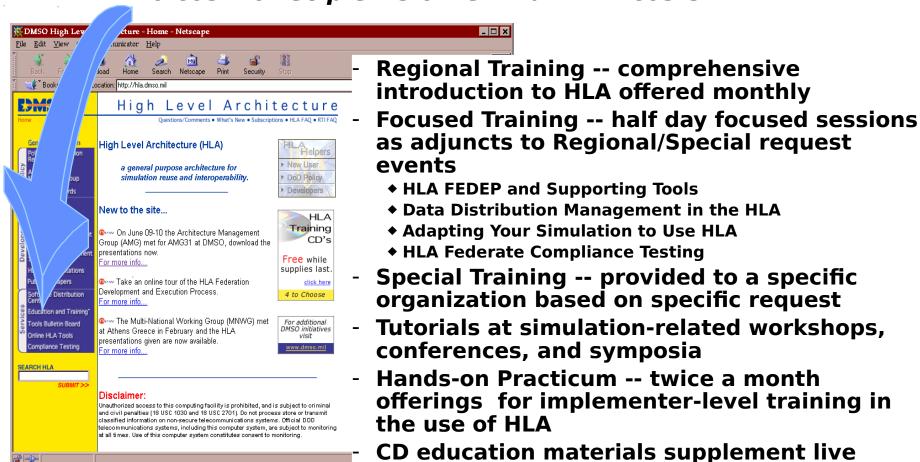


HLA User Services: HLA Education/Outreach



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- Integrated DMSO HLA training/outreach program is unde
 - No cost to recipients other than TDY costs



training

HLA Video

HLA Intro Mod 1, Update 1 02 July 99 35



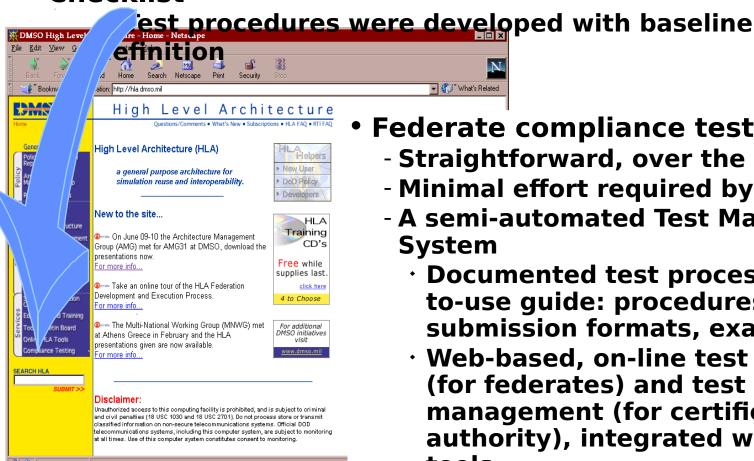
HLA User Services: HLA Federate Compliance Testing



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Compliance to HLA defined in 'HLA Compliance Checklist'

▼ 🎁 What's Related



Federate compliance testing

- Straightforward, over the network
- Minimal effort required by federate
- A semi-automated Test Management **System**
 - Documented test process in easyto-use guide: procedures, sizes, submission formats, examples, etc.
 - Web-based, on-line test preparation (for federates) and test management (for certification authority), integrated with test tools

RTI compliance testing system in

HLA Intro Mod 1, Update 1 02 July 99



HLA Standardization Initiatives



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Government

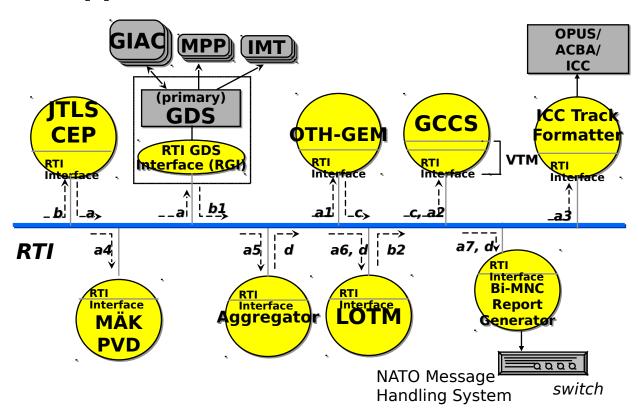
- HLA established as technical architecture for DoD Simulations --Sept 96
- HLA is a part of the DoD Joint
 Technical Architecture (JTA) -- May 98
- International
 - HLA is named as NATO standard architecture in NATO M&S Master Plan prepared in June 98 and approved -- Nov 98
- Industry
 - Object Management Group (OMG)
 Standardization
 - HLA Interface Specification and RTI Services were approved as OMG standards -- Nov 98
 - HLA is a draft IEEE standard, IEEE P1516

Back-Up Slides



LS-GCCS-NATO C2 Federation

 Use the HLA to build a Federation of a training simulation (JTLS) and combined (US and NATO) C2 applications



Demonstrat
 es several
 approaches
 for
 stimulating
 C2 systems
 with
 simulation
 data



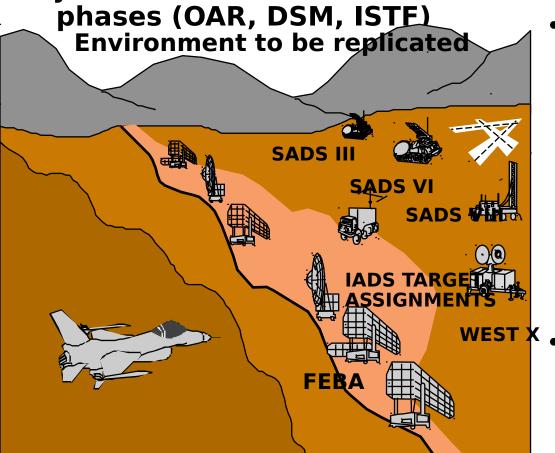
29 March 1999



JADS Partner Program

Objective:

To assess the utility of ADS (in this case, HLA) for EW by testing the effectiveness of a self-protection jammer in an ADS test environment, across three



- Federates and Functions:
 - -Test Control (JADS JTF)
 - -3 playback federates
 - Platform location, RF Environment, Terminal Threat Handoff
 - -DSM (GTRI) or ISTF (ACETEF)
 - -Threats (AFEWES)
- •Products:
 - -RTI performance testing
 - Process and Tool evaluations

Campalation was ulto





JWP Trailblazer Federation

Objectives:

 Practice the HLA Federation Development and Execution Process (FEDEP) in the domain of information superiority experimentation

Be relevant and reasonable in domain to ensure



EADSIM

- •Red strategic SAMs
 - Strike a/c
 - JSTARS
 - AWACS
 - JAOC

NSS

- •Aggregate ELINT
- •IR Launch Detection
- Eagle
 - Red ground